Total No. of Pages: 3

| Seat |  |
|------|--|
| No.  |  |

## B.E. (Civil Engineering) (Part-I) (Semester-VII) (New) Examination, May - 2016 EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING

Sub. Code: 47903

Day and Date: Monday, 02-05-2016 Total Marks: 100

Time: 3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.

Instructions: 1) Attempt any three questions from each section.

- 2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.
- 3) Assume any suitable data whenever necessary.
- 4) Use of non-programmable calculator and I.S. 1893: 2002 (Part I) are allowed.

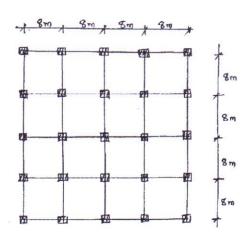
## **SECTION-I**

- Q1) a) What are plate tectonics and how are they related to continental drift and sea floor spreading? [6]
  - b) Differentiate magnitude and intensity on an earthquake. [6]
  - c) Classify different types of earthquake. [5]
- Q2) a) Derive the equation of motion and its solution for forced undamped vibration system. [8]
  - b) A SDOF vibrating system is having following parameters.
     m = 200 kg, k = 160 N/m, c = 40 N sec / m. Determine: [8]
    - i) The damping factor.
    - ii) The natural frequency of damped vibration.

- iii) Logarithmic decrement.
- iv) The ratio of two successive amplitudes &
- v) The number of cycles after which the original amplitude is reduced to 50%.
- Q3) a) Explain the phenomenon of resonance.

[5]

- b) A SDOF system consists of 5m high column of 300 mm diameter which supports the heavy mass of 20 tonne at its top. The system is subjected to a harmonic force of 200 sin 50t kN. Consider 20% damping &  $E = 2.1 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . Calculate the maximum dynamic amplitude. Also state whether system will have resonance or not? [12]
- Q4) a) A four storied square RC framed building shown in Fig. 1 with live load 4 kN/m² is to be constructed in Pune. Work out seismic forces on the structure by seismic coefficient method using IS 1893. All beams and columns size 300mm × 400mm. Thickness of roof and floor slab 120mm thick. Wall is of 150 mm thick all around. Height of each floor 3m. Density of concrete 25 kN/m³.



## SECTION-II

- **Q5**) a) Philosophy of Earthquake Resistant Design. Give four virtue of good earthquake resistant design. [9]
  - b) Explain phenomena liquefaction and write remedial action taken to avoid liquefaction effect? [8]

P-494

- Q6) a) Explain concept of ductile detailing & explain factor affecting the ductility of structures in detail. [8]
  - b) Explain the ductility requirement considerations in the earthquake resistant design of the following with the help of neat sketches. [9]
    - i) Flexural members.
    - ii) Joints of frames.
    - iii) Column foundation.
- Q7) a) Discuss the effects of openings on the performance of masonry walls, under lateral shaking due to earthquakes. [8]
  - b) Describe the construction procedure and precautions to be taken for brick-nogged timber frame construction. [9]
- **Q8)** Write a short note (Any Three):

[16]

- a) Strengthening of masonry walls.
- b) Bond between reinforcing bars and concrete.
- c) Strong column and weak beam.
- d) Jacketing of column.

....